

IT Band Lengthening/Windowing Procedure Post-Operative Protocol CHAD BROERING, M.D.

2 to 4 weeks:

- 1.1 to 2 visits per week, 5 times a week home program
- 2. Stationary bicycle, no resistance, keep seat high enough to avoid painful hip flexion, 20 minutes 5 times a week.
- 3. Gluteal sets, quad sets, heel slides, calf pumps
- 4. Passive ROM of hip (avoid external rotation, emphasize internal rotation)
- 5. Isometric strengthening transverse abdominus, hip abduction/adduction
- 6. Uninvolved knee to chest, piriformis stretching with hip horizontal adduction (NOT EXTERNAL ROTATION)
- 7. Double and single leg balance with eyes open and eyes closed
- 8. Supine hip roll IR, standing hip IR (stool), quadruped rocking
- 9. Cryotherapy program, 3 to 5 times a day, 30 minutes each after exercises

4 to 6 weeks:

- 1.2 to 3 visits per week, 5 times a week home program
- 2. Continue all exercises in previous phase (as described above)
- 3. Add light resistance to stationary bike lower seat as increased ROM allows
- 4. Piriformis stretching
- 5. Start weaning crutches beginning at 2weeks. Emphasis should be full weight-bearing without crutches 2 weeks after beginning wean with NO LIMP. If needed, one crutch (in opposite arm) or a cane can be used to transition to a normal gait.
- 6. Straight leg raises (supine, prone, lateral (affected side down only) avoid hip abduction
- 7. Sidelying clams and bent knee fall outs, short lever hip flexion (seated)
- 8. Water/pool work may begin to include:
 - Walking
 - Jogging (chest high water)
 - Swim with pole buoy (Avoid frog-kick, flutter OK)
- 9. Crutches should be weaned off by the end of this stage, and gait should be normal

6 weeks to 3 months:

- 1.2 to 3 visits per week 5 times a week home program
- 2. Continue all exercises in previous phase (as described above)
- 3. Kneeling hip flexor stretch, manual long axis distraction, manual A/P mobs, double leg bridges with tubing, double 1/3 knee bends, double leg cord rotations
- 4. Add to water/pool work swimming with fins, bounding/plyometrics
- 5. Increase resistance to stationary bike lower seat as ROM increases
- 6. Begin seated rowing, elliptical, and/or stair climber
- 7. Begin exercises including mini-squats and wall slide mini squats
- 8. Toe raises with weights, step ups (begin with 2 inches and progress to a full step)
- 9. Trunk strength
 - Transverse abdominus
 - Side supports
 - Trunk and low back stabilization
- 10. ROM should be normal by the end of this stage if not contact doctor

3 to 5 months:

- 1. 2 to 3 visits to 5 times a week home program. May need physical therapy supervision for functional training
- 2. Continue all exercises in previous phase (as described above)
- 3. Dynadisc, advanced bridging (swiss ball, single leg), side supports, single leg cord rotation, skaters/side stepping (pilates or slideboard), single knee bends (lateral step downs), single leg windmills, lunges, side to side lateral agility, forward or backward running with a cord
- 4. Focus rehabilitation towards more closed-chain exercises including leg presses, step-ups, mini-squats, and hamstring curls with light weights, high repetitions. Repetitions should be smooth and slow and NOT explosive. May begin jump rope exercises
- 5. Begin slow jogging on even ground (avoid treadmill and no cutting, jumping, or pivoting).

5 to 8 months:

- 1.2 to 3 visits 3 to 5 times a week home program. May need physical therapy supervision for functional training
- 2. Continue all exercises in previous phase (as described above)
- 3. Begin advanced strengthening with weights including leg presses, squats, leg curls and lunges
- 4. Initiate plyometric program as appropriate for patient's functional goals
- 5. May begin functional training exercises including fast straight running, backward running, cutting, cross- overs, carioca, etc.
- 6. Begin gradual return to previous sports/activities/work duties under controlled conditions
- 7. Full return to sports/activities/full work duties are pending physician approval based upon the following criteria:

Criteria for Return to Sports/Full Activities:

- 1. Normal muscle strength in the involved lower extremity
- 2. Jog and full speed run without a limp
- 3. Full range of motion
- 4. Satisfactory clinical examination